

1 (ii) increases that are at the railroad's discretion.

2 (2) "Annual fee agreement" is a signed, written agreement that establishes an annual fee.

3 (3) (a) "Crossing" means all activities associated with the construction, operation, repair, or
4 maintenance of a new or existing facility over, under, or across a railroad right-of-way.

5 (b) The term includes the construction, operation, repair, or maintenance of a new or existing
6 facility that runs adjacent to and alongside the lines of a railroad without disturbing railroad lines or operations,
7 after which the facility crosses the railroad lines, terminates, or exits the railroad right-of-way.

8 (4) "Crossing fee" is a one-time payment from a utility to a railroad for the railroad right-of-way
9 occupied by a utility.

10 (5) "Facility" includes but is not limited to pipes, sewers, conduits, cables, valves, lines, wires,
11 manholes, attachments, or any item of personal property placed over, across, or underground for use in
12 connection with the storage or conveyance of:

13 (a) water;

14 (b) sewage;

15 (c) electronic, telephone, or telegraphic communications;

16 (d) fiber optics;

17 (e) cable television;

18 (f) electric energy;

19 (g) oil;

20 (h) natural gas; or

21 (i) hazardous liquids.

22 (6) "Public right-of-way" means the area adjacent to, along, and on any public roads, streets, or
23 highways as defined in 60-1-103(23) and (24).

24 (7) "Railroad" has the same meaning provided for in 69-14-102, including any agents or assigns,
25 or any other entity responsible for the management of crossings or collection of crossing fees.

26 (8) "Railroad land" means land adjacent to railroad lines and owned or controlled, in whole or in
27 part, by a railroad, its subsidiaries, affiliated businesses, lessees, or other entity controlled in whole or in part by
28 the railroad or the railroad's parent company.

1 (9) (a) "Utility" means a public utility, rural telephone cooperative, rural electric cooperative,
2 transmission company, gas utility, municipal utility, municipal power utility, municipality, pipeline company, rural
3 water system, or telephone, telegraph, telecommunications, cable, or fiber optic provider.

4 (b) This term includes contractors and agents hired by a utility.
5

6 **NEW SECTION. Section 3. Existing agreements.** (1) Nothing in [sections 1 through 13] impairs the
7 existing authority of a utility to secure crossing rights by easement through the power of eminent domain in
8 accordance with Title 70, chapter 30

9 (2) A utility is not required to undertake a crossing in accordance with [sections 1 through 13].
10

11 **NEW SECTION. Section 4. Rights of utilities -- crossings.** A utility may place a crossing without
12 compliance with [sections 1 through 13] when the placement of facilities is outside the railroad right-of-way or
13 within the public right-of-way.
14

15 **NEW SECTION. Section 5. Application for Crossing.** (1) A utility that intends to place a crossing
16 shall submit a crossing application, including a drawing showing the location of the proposed crossing and the
17 railroad's property, tracks, and wires in relation to where the utility will cross.

18 (2) The utility shall submit the crossing application on a form provided or approved by the railroad.

19 (3) The crossing application must be sent to the railroad or its designated contractor or agent by
20 registered or certified mail or by electronic means that provides electronic confirmation of receipt to the utility.

21 (4) A crossing application is considered received on the date the application is delivered to the
22 reviewing agent or agency by registered or certified mail, accompanied by the review fee.

23 (5) The crossing application must be accompanied by a certificate of insurance and the crossing
24 fee, if the crossing fee is required in accordance with [section 6].

25 (6) (a) The railroad has 20 business days to determine whether the application contains all
26 information and materials necessary to complete the review of the application.

27 (b) The railroad may review subsequent submissions of the application only for information found
28 to be deficient during the original review of the application under subsection (2)(a).

1 (7) (a) After accepting a complete application proposing a crossing or easement across, under, or
2 along a railroad right-of-way, the railroad shall approve the crossing within 45 business days unless the railroad
3 notifies the utility in writing that the proposed crossing is a serious threat to the safe operations of the railroad or
4 to the current use of the railroad right-of-way. In all other instances, the utility shall have authorization to
5 commence construction of the facility.

6 (b) If a railroad objects to a utility's proposed crossing, the railroad shall notify the utility of the
7 objection and the specific basis for the objection to the utility in writing within 15 business days after receipt of
8 the utility's application.

9 (c) If a utility and a railroad are unable to agree on a resolution to a railroad's objection pursuant to
10 this section, the dispute shall be resolved in accordance with [section 8] prior to construction.

11

12 **NEW SECTION. Section 6. Permissible fees -- crossing, flagging and annual fees-- diminution**
13 **in value.** (1) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or as set forth herein, a utility that obtains an approval to
14 cross a railroad right of way, other than a crossing within the public right-of-way, shall pay the railroad a one-
15 time standard crossing fee of \$3,000 for each crossing.

16 (2) A crossing fee is in lieu of any license, permit, application, or processing fee, or any
17 other fees or charges to reimburse the railroad for the direct expenses or diminution of
18 land value incurred by the railroad as a result of the crossing.

19 (3) No other fee may be assessed by the railroad or by any railroad agent, contractor, or assignee
20 to the utility or to any agent or contractor of the utility.

21 (4) A crossing fee may not be imposed for:

22 (a) an extension of utility service to buildings or other facilities owned or operated by the railroad;

23 (b) an extension of utility service at the request of the railroad, or other occupants of railroad land;

24 or

25 (c) any crossing where the railroad or its predecessor in the affected right-of-way has agreed, in
26 writing, to provide, at no cost to the utility, easements, licenses, or other authorization to place crossings or
27 facilities or related improvements or systems.

28 (5) A crossing fee does not expire for the duration of the crossing.

1 (6) (a) If a railroad seeks to collect an annual fee pursuant to the terms of an agreement already in
2 existence as of the effective date of this part, a utility may request a copy of the agreement from the railroad. If
3 the railroad cannot produce a copy of the original signed agreement that provides for an annual fee, the railroad
4 may not charge, assess, or collect an annual fee.

5 (b) If an agreement pursuant to this section was executed prior to the effective date of this part and
6 remains in effect, the railroad may only assess and collect a fee equal to the amount collected in 2026 for an
7 annual fee, but only for the timeframe that the annual fee agreement remains in effect.

8 (c) A flagger fee is not applicable to underground crossings when surface activity is more than 50
9 feet outside of a railroad right-of-way.

10 (d) The railroad shall not place additional or duplicative flagging requirements on a utility for
11 activities related to facility work in a railroad right-of-way associated with a crossing than those provided for in
12 this part.

13 (7) (a) If the railroad alleges a proposed crossing will cause a diminution in land value in an
14 amount greater than the crossing fee provided [subsection 1], within 15 days after receipt of a completed
15 application, the railroad shall notify the utility in writing and provide a certified appraisal demonstrating the
16 diminution in value of that portion of the railroad property occupied or impacted by the crossing.

17 (b) The appraisal of the land shall be conducted by either one of the following methods:

18 (i) The use of the land at its highest and best use, considering all legally permissible, physically
19 possible, financially feasible, and maximally productive use of the land. Any existing or proposed use of the
20 property for utility purposes is considered a secondary use of the land to the use of the land for either a railroad
21 corridor or another highest and best use; or

22 (ii) The value of the land based on adjacent land across the fence from each segment of the
23 railroad right-of-way. Such appraisal shall not include any factor for corridor enhancement.

24 (c) In either type of appraisal method, land in excess of minimum active railroad corridor shall be
25 considered excess right-of-way that does not add to the value of the land.

26 (8) If parties are unable to resolve the issue of compensation pursuant to this section, the dispute
27 must be resolved in accordance with [section 8].

28 (9) The placement of one or more conduits and their contents in the same location is a single

1 facility. Additional fees are not payable based on the individual fibers, wires, lines, or other items contained
2 within the pipes or conduits.

3 (10) A utility is not obligated to pay the railroad any other fees, charges, assessments, or other
4 terms beyond the fees and reimbursements established in this section.

5
6 **NEW SECTION. Section 7. Certificate of insurance coverage.** (1) (a) The certificate of insurance
7 or coverage submitted by a governmental entity must include commercial general liability insurance or
8 equivalent form with a limit of at least \$2 million for each occurrence and an aggregate of at least \$5 million, or
9 as established by statutory tort limits of \$750,000 per claim and \$1,500,000 per occurrence as provided by a
10 self-insurance pool authorized under Title 2, Chapter 9, Part 2, MCA.

11 (b) The certificate of insurance or coverage submitted by a facility owner that provides natural gas
12 service must include commercial general liability insurance with a combined single limit of at least \$5 million for
13 each occurrence and an aggregate limit of at least \$10 million.

14 (c) The certificate of insurance or coverage submitted by a facility owner not included in subsection
15 (1)(a) or (1)(b) must include commercial general liability insurance with a combined single limit of at least \$2
16 million for each occurrence and an aggregate limit of at least \$5 million.

17 (2) The railroad may require protective liability insurance with a combined single limit of \$2 million
18 for each occurrence and a \$5 million aggregate limit. The coverage may be provided by a blanket railroad
19 protective liability insurance policy if the coverage, including the coverage limits, applies separately to each
20 individual crossing. The coverage is required only during the period of construction, repair, or replacement of
21 the facility.

22 (3) The insurance coverage under subsections (1) and (2) may be satisfied by the utility using a
23 combination of primary, excess, or self-insurance. The insurance may not contain an exclusion or limitation
24 related to railroads or to activities within 50 feet of railroad property.

25

26 **NEW SECTION. Section 8. Relocation -- objection to relocation--termination of crossing**
27 **approval.** (1) (a) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), a railroad may require a utility to relocate a
28 facility when:

- 1 (i) the relocation is mutually agreed to by the railroad and the utility within the railroad right-of-way;
- 2 (ii) the railroad determines that relocation is essential to accommodate railroad operations; and
- 3 (iii) the relocation is not arbitrary or unreasonable.

4 (b) Before agreeing to a relocation, a utility may request and the railroad shall provide a statement
5 and supporting documentation identifying the operational necessity for requesting the relocation.

6 (c) A utility shall perform the relocation within a reasonable period of time following the agreement
7 between the parties.

8 (2) Relocation is at the expense of the utility. Additional crossing fees, flagger fees, safety
9 inspector fees, or any other fee or charges for the relocation may not be assessed by the railroad.

10 (3) If a utility objects to the need for relocation, after reviewing the statement and supporting
11 documentation, the utility shall, within 15 days after receipt of the statement and supporting documentation,
12 provide notice of the objection and the specific basis of the objection to the railroad by registered or certified
13 mail or by means of mutually agreed electronic confirmation of receipt.

14 (4) (a) If the parties are unable to resolve the objection, either party may submit to arbitration in
15 accordance with Title 27, chapter 5, for resolution of the objection within 30 calendar days from receipt of the
16 objection.

17 (b) Before submitting to arbitration, the parties shall confer in good faith in an attempt to resolve
18 the objection within 30 days after having provided a notice of objection as required in subsection (3).

19 (5) If a railroad orders the removal of a crossing with good cause, as outlined in this section, the
20 railroad shall allow for the relocation of the crossing in accordance with this section.

21 (6) (a) If a railroad can demonstrate good cause, the railroad may terminate an annual fee
22 agreement, crossing permit, crossing agreement, or order removal of a crossing.

23 (b) Good cause exists if a crossing damages or is likely to damage the railroad or its structures or
24 any other property on the premises of the railroad, or if a crossing endangers the safety of the railroad's
25 operation or is likely to cause injury or death to a person.

26 (7) If a railroad terminates or orders removal of an existing crossing without good cause, the utility
27 may elect to maintain and use the crossing in accordance with the original agreement, permit, or other
28 approval.

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NEW SECTION. Section 9. Notice of objection by railroad or utility -- appeals. (1) (a) If a railroad

objects to a utility's proposed crossing because the proposal is a serious threat to the safe operations of the railroad or to the current use of the railroad right-of-way, the railroad shall notify the utility of the objection and the specific basis for the objection within 15 days after receipt of the utility's application.

(b) If a railroad imposes additional conditions on a utility for approval of a crossing permit, other than the proposed crossing being a serious threat to the safe operations of the railroad or to the current use of the railroad right of way, the utility may object to one or more of the conditions.

(c) Notice of objections must be sent by registered or certified mail or by means of mutually agreed electronic confirmation of receipt.

(2) If the parties are unable to resolve an objection made in accordance with subsection (1), either party may submit to arbitration in accordance with Title 27, chapter 5, for resolution of the disputed crossing application within 30 calendar days from receipt of the objection.

(3) Before submitting to arbitration, the parties shall confer in good faith in an attempt to resolve the objection.

(4) (a) If arbitration is sought, the arbitrators shall issue a notice of hearing or notice of opportunity for hearing within 15 calendar days after filing for arbitration and issue an order within 30 calendar days after the hearing.

(b) A utility may not proceed with construction of a crossing during the 45-calendar-day period for which notice of a hearing is issued or until expiration of the period during which a hearing could be requested.

(c) The arbitrators shall assess costs associated with arbitration equitably against the parties. The parties shall pay the costs within 30 calendar days after receipt of a bill for payment for the arbitrators.

(d) The order may be appealed in accordance with Title 25.

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Removal of equipment. On completion of any crossing, the utility shall remove, or cause to be removed, all tools, equipment, or other property used in the construction of the crossing and, if railroad property was moved or disturbed, restore that property to the condition of the property before being moved or disturbed.

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NEW SECTION. Section 11. Assignment. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), a utility may assign or otherwise transfer any rights to cross a railroad right-of-way to:

- (i) a financially responsible entity controlled by, controlling, or under common control of the utility;
- (ii) an entity with which the utility is merged or consolidated; or
- (iii) an entity that acquires ownership or control of all or substantially all of the transmission assets of the utility.

(b) A transfer or assignment not included under subsection (1)(a) may not take place without the written permission of the railroad. Written permission may not be unreasonably withheld.

(2) The utility shall notify the railroad of an assignment made in accordance with subsection (1)(a) within 30 calendar days.

NEW SECTION. Section 12. Prohibition against mechanic's lien. (1) A utility may not create, permit, or cause a mechanic's lien or other lien to be created or enforced against the railroad's property for any work performed by the utility in connection with the utility's facilities located in the railroad's right-of-way.

(2) A railroad may not create, permit, or suffer a mechanic's lien or other lien of any kind or any nature to be created or enforced against a utility's property located in the railroad's right-of-way for any work performed by the railroad in connection with the railroad's facilities.

NEW SECTION. Section 13. Taxes. (1) A utility shall promptly pay or discharge all taxes and charges levied on a utility's facilities located in the railroad's right-of-way.

(2) If any taxes or charges cannot be separately made or assessed to the utility, but are included in the taxes or charges assessed to the railroad, the utility shall pay to the railroad an equitable portion of the taxes, determined by the value of the utility's facilities located on the railroad right-of-way, as compared to the entire value of the railroad property.

NEW SECTION. Section 14. Codification instruction. [Sections 1 through 15] are intended to be

1 codified as an integral part of Title 69, chapter 14, and the provisions of Title 69, chapter 14, apply to [sections
2 1 through 15].

3
4 **NEW SECTION. Section 15. Saving clause.** [This act] does not affect rights and duties that
5 matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the effective date of this act].
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7
8 **NEW SECTION. Section 16. Severability.** If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are
9 severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications,
10 the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.
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12 **NEW SECTION. Section 17. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
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14 **NEW SECTION. Section 18. Applicability.** [This act] applies to crossings:

- 15 (1) in existence prior to October 1, 2027; and
16 (2) commenced after September 30, 2027.

17 - END -